

We ask

- ✓ that the Lagos State Government create a specific budget line item in 2019 for Routine Immunization (RI) in the Primary Health Care Board budget to facilitate sustained, regular outreaches by the PHCs especially for hard to reach areas and thereby increase RI coverage in the State
- ✓ that the Lagos State Government should release the Family Planning Budget allocation in the Lagos State Primary Health Care Board 2018 budget timely to procure FP consumables, as that would significantly remove current financial barriers by the most vulnerable women accessing FP modern contraception
- ✓ that the Lagos State Ministry of Health implement the Lagos State Health Insurance Scheme with its Basic, defined minimum package of Primary Health Care services



mamaye.org.ng

A detailed reference sheet that explains how these figures are calculated, national and international standards and any limitations in the data is available at:

http://mamaye.org/sites/default/files/docs/lagos_reference_sheet2018.pdf

Produced by the Lagos State Accountability Mechanism for Maternal and Newborn Health (LASAM) in August 2018, with support from MamaYe-Evidence for Action



@MamaYeNigeria



MamaYeNigeria




MATERNAL, NEWBORN AND CHILD HEALTH (MNCH) SCORECARD

LAGOS STATE, NIGERIA

January – June 2018



LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS



INDICATORS	STATE SUMMARY	AGEGE	AJEROMI/ IFELODUN	ALIMOSHO	AMUWO/ ODOFIN	APAPA	BADAGRY	EPE	ETI-OSA	IBEJU-LEKKI	IFAKO/ IJAIYE	IKEJA	IKORODU	KOSOFE	LAGOS ISLAND	LAGOS MAINLAND	MUSHIN	OJO	OSHODI/ ISOLO	SHOMOLU	SURULERE
% of pregnant women reporting for antenatal care in the first 20 weeks	44%	46%	34%	44%	61%	27%	42%	21%	60%	28%	43%	49%	46%	38%	69%	29%	40%	36%	47%	40%	56%
% of pregnant women who attended 4 antenatal care visits, according to standard	72%	32%	50%	68%	99%	43%	89%	48%	65%	49%	59%	79%	164%	38%	133%	60%	66%	82%	57%	82%	82%
% of pregnant women who received two doses of malaria intermittent preventive treatment, according to standard	47%	25%	35%	44%	69%	54%	49%	46%	40%	39%	80%	97%	43%	25%	27%	33%	46%	44%	45%	36%	77%
% of women who attended postnatal clinic visits ¹	178%	75%	130%	146%	176%	477%	376%	150%	333%	113%	134%	142%	235%	100%	152%	167%	235%	199%	131%	212%	278%
% of births attended by skilled birth attendant	89%	69%	56%	93%	89%	87%	96%	100%	92%	87%	79%	89%	100%	90%	100%	90%	96%	97%	96%	79%	97%
% of fully immunised children less than 1 year	35%	30%	28%	45%	42%	15%	59%	29%	25%	108%	37%	33%	79%	29%	18%	35%	25%	52%	38%	24%	26%
% of females aged 15 - 49 years using any method of modern contraception	2%	0%	1%	3%	2%	1%	5%	2%	1%	13%	3%	2%	7%	3%	3%	1%	2%	3%	2%	2%	1%
% of new diarrhoea cases in under five year olds who are given ORS/zinc supplementation	92%	100%	92%	89%	95%	100%	94%	96%	96%	98%	99%	99%	73%	84%	96%	100%	95%	86%	100%	99%	98%
% of caesarian deliveries ²	25%	31%	18%	26%	27%	22%	20%	27%	25%	18%	30%	26%	28%	25%	28%	21%	17%	14%	26%	27%	27%
% of all births that are stillbirths ^{2,3}	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	4%	3%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%

¹ Many women do not deliver in facility but do come for postnatal visits, hence some scores are above 100%.

^{2,3} Not colour coded as there are no internationally recognised standards for these indicators.

Data sources: DHIS2, District vaccination data management tool - DVDMT (immunization-using State population), Lagos Bureau of Statistics (population data)

75% - 100%
Good progress

50% - 74%
Some progress

<50%
Insufficient progress